



- In the 1500s, many people from Africa were brought to America as slaves, to work on the cotton-plantations and on the farms.
- Africans often use music, dancing and singing when they work, and they continued to sing and make music when they came to America.
- These songs, are called "work-songs", "field hollers" and "shouts".
- The Africans were singing together, and the movements of the work followed the rhythm of the music, almost like a dance!



Full Video can be viewed at; https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=D5Tpu0xLgn8

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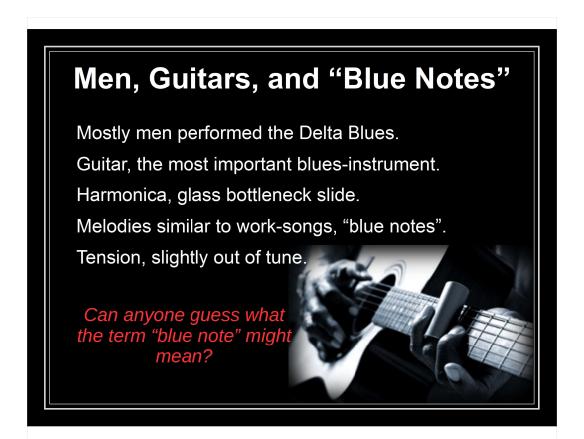
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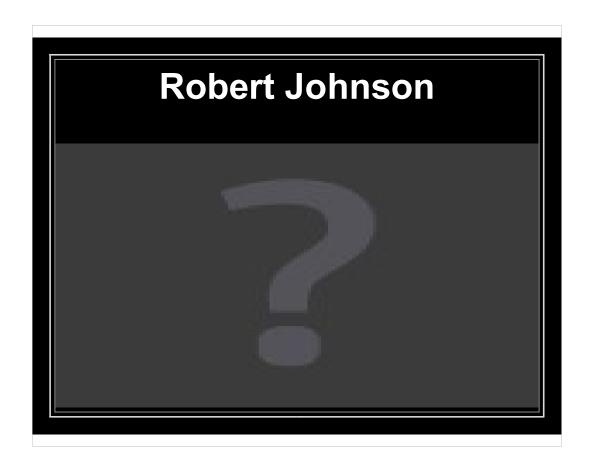
- The African slaves started to use the instruments that their owners had on the farms.
- Guitars, Banjos, Harmonica and Violins, instruments the Africans did not have access to in Africa were used.
- American music of the time, a country-type music, and christian religious hymns, important influence on the slaves music.
- In the early 1900s, the Blues was began to take form like we know it today, and eventually performers started to appear.



- The first known Blues performers came from the Mississippi Delta, traveling around with a guitar, singing in the different communities.
- The lyrics usually repeated much, and the music had a simple form, very few chords on the guitar, and a swinging and driving rhythm.
- They usually sang about love, freedom, and about sorrow, and the sad things in life. Feeling "blue".
- This early type of Blues is called Country Blues, or Delta Blues.



- Usually it was men who was performing the blues music in the Delta Blues period.
- The guitar became the most important instrument of the blues.
- Sometimes the performers also played harmonica, and even used a glass bottleneck to make sliding sounds on the guitar.
- The melodies was similar to the work-songs, and had something that we call "blue notes".
- Blue notes creates tension in the melody, and can sometimes sound out of tune, or false.





- In the 1920s, Blues was starting to be popular in the cities.
- Instead of only a man and a guitar, larger bands was formed, and they also played to a larger audience.
- The female Blues singer, Mamie Smith, was the first to record a blues song in 1920, and other female singers also became popular.
- These recordings was labeled "race music", since the artists were black african americans, and distinguished from the white artists.





- The music recorded by the African Americans, was labeled "race music", and mostly sold to, or bought by, black listeners.
- But, some of the most popular records was also bought by white listeners.
- The black Blues singers had to perform at places that usually had a black, or a black and white mixed audience.
- They also was traveling around, as Vaudeville performers, and the payment and salaries was very low.



- In the 1940s after the 2. world war, many Africanamerican blues musicians moved to the cities, where they started to play in groups and bands.
- They started to use new instruments, like the electric guitar, electric organ, drums, bass and horns. Electric slide guitar was popular.
- Chicago became the most important city of the electric Blues.
- The electric Chicago Blues, had a more rough feel, and sometimes a faster tempo.





- After the increasing popularity of the Blues, British people started to buy American Blues-records.
- Many english bands started to play Blues, and some of them went to America to record their own Blues Cds.
- The Blues and the black music was sold more and more to white listeners, and it had a very large impact on the popular music in both America and Europe.



- In the 60s, many British Blues bands made an influence on American groups that mixed the blues with rock. (The Doors, Jefferson Airplane, Ry Cooder)
- In Texas, the Blues got its own sound in the 1970s (Texas Blues), also heavily influenced of the British blues-rock movement.
- In the 80s, outdoor Blues festivals started to be popular, some Blues bands made comeback and artists like Eric Clapton and John Lee Hooker released some important records.



- The Blues made an enormous importance in the history of popular music, it influenced many movements and styles in the 20. century of music, and still is a large source of inspiration for the new and currently emerging music.
- Blues has been interpreted all over the world, mixed with different styles, and has flourished in many different forms.

